

VSPV & Co
Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
Bihar Infrapower Limited
New Delhi

I. Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of Bihar Infrapower Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.


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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

- 1. The Company was incorporated on 30th June 2015 as a Special Purpose Vehicle for holding Coal Block License, Coal Block Land and Power Plant Land etc. and to Act as a nodal agency for lease license of Land, Coal Block etc. of Ultra Mega Power Project in the state of Bihar. The company has not yet commenced any business activity but the management is of the view that it will commence operations in the near future and is thus a going concern and has accordingly adopted Going concern basis of accounting.*
- 2. The Company has capitalised the expenditure incurred on administration, overheads, interest on borrowings etc. (refer to note 20 of the financial statements). As per Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 16- Property, Plant & Equipment), administration and other general overhead costs are not costs for an item of property, plant and equipment. However the company has capitalised the administrative and general overhead expenses and shown the same as Capital Work in Progress for the reason that the expenditure would be recovered from the procurer/successful bidder.*

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- A. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information, which comprises various information required under section 134(3) of the Companies Act 2013 but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- B. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

- A. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- B. In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

- A. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

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- B. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- i. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - ii. Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
 - iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - v. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- C. Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial Statements.

- D. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- E. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

II. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
- i. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - ii. In our opinion proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - iii. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - iv. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - v. Being a Government company, pursuant to notification no. G.S.R 463(E) dated 05.06.2015 issued by Government of India, provisions of section 164(2) of the Act, regarding disqualification of director is not applicable to the company.
 - vi. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
 - vii. Being a Government company, pursuant to notification no. G.S.R 463(E) dated 05.06.2015 issued by Government of India, provisions of section 197(16) of the Act, regarding the managerial remuneration is not applicable to the company.

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- viii. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii. There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
3. We are enclosing our report in terms of section 143(5) of the Act, on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us, in the "Annexure C" on the directions and sub directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

For **VSPV & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No.: 005483N

Sudhir Gupta, FCA
Partner
M. No. 207822

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place: New Delhi
Date: 20th July 2021

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Annexure – ‘A’ to the Independent Auditor’s Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (Referred in Point No II (vi) under the head “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date to the members of Bihar Infrapower Limited)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Bihar Infrapower Limited** as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over the financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over financial reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accounts of India (“ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

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Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing

the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.


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Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on criteria for internal control over financial reporting established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For VSPV & Co
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No.: 005483N

Sudhir Gupta, FCA
Partner
M. No. 207822

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place: New Delhi
Date: 20th July 2021

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Annexure – 'B' to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (Referred to in Point No. 2 under the head "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the members of Bihar Infrapower Limited on the accounts of the company for the year ended March 31, 2021)

We report that: -

- i. The company has no Fixed Assets other than Capital work in progress. Hence the provisions of clause (i) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- ii. The Company does not hold any inventories. Therefore the provision of clause (ii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not given any loan, guarantee and security to and on behalf of any of its Directors as stipulated under section 185 of the Act and the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans made.
- v. Based on our scrutiny of the company's records and according to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public in terms of the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions lathe Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under.
- vi. According to the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, for any of the activities of the company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records examined by us, the company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and services tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess and any other statutory dues with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no undisputed statutory dues outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 for the period exceeding 6 months from the date of becoming payable.

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no disputed statutory dues payable in respect of income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and services tax, duty of customs, duty of excise and value added tax which are outstanding as at 31st March, 2021.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not taken any loan from any financial institution or bank or debenture holder; hence clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company for the financial year under audit.

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- ix. The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year, hence clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Orders not applicable to the company.
- x. Based upon the audit procedures performed and information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year under audit.
- xi. Being a Government Company, pursuant to notification no, G.S.R. 463(E) dated 05.06.2015 issued by the Government of India, provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act; regarding managerial remuneration are not applicable to the company, hence clause (xi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company, hence clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order regarding default is not applicable to the company.
- xiii. Company has entered into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business at arm length price. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standard in Note 18.
- xiv. According to the records maintained by the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Hence the provisions of clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company for the current financial year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Therefore provisions of clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xvi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For **VSPV & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No.: 005483N

Sudhir Gupta, FCA
Partner
M. No. 207822

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place: New Delhi
Date: 20th July 2021

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Annexure C to the Independent Auditor's Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (referred to in Point No. 3 under the head "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date to the members of Bihar Infrapower Limited on the accounts of the company for the year ended March 31, 2021)

Replies to the directions issued by Comptroller & Auditor General of India to the Statutory Auditors under section 143(5) of the Companies Act 2013 for the year ended 31st March 2021

S. No	Questionnaire	Replies
1	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	Company has a system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system. During FY 2020-21, all the accounting transactions have been processed through IT system. Since system of processing all financial transactions is in place, all transactions are done mandatorily through system only, as such question of processing of transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts doesn't arise.
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated.	During the year under consideration, there is no case of restructuring of any existing loan or case of waiver / write off of debts / loans / interest etc. by a lender to the Company.
3	Whether funds received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	During the year under consideration, no fund has been received / receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies.

For **VSPV & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No.: 005483N

Sudhir Gupta, FCA
Partner
M. No. 207822

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place: New Delhi
Date: 20th July 2021

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Chartered Accountants

Compliance Certificate

We have conducted the audit of annual accounts of Bihar Infrapower Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2021 in accordance with the directions / sub directions issued by the C&AG of India under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and certify that we have complied with all the directions / sub directions issued to us.

For **VSPV & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Reg. No.: 005483N

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sudhir Gupta, FCA
Partner
M. No. 207822

Place: New Delhi
Date: 20th July 2021

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BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)
Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021

(₹ in Hundreds)

	Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(I)	ASSETS			
(1)	Non-current assets			
	(a) Capital work in progress	4	6,719.66	5,963.62
	(b) Financial assets			
	(i) Loans	5	1,154.96	1,119.21
	Total non-current assets		7,874.62	7,082.83
(2)	Current assets			
	(a) Financial assets			
	(i) Cash and cash equivalents	6	211.26	204.24
	(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	7	0.50	7.44
	Total current assets		211.76	211.68
	Total assets		8,086.38	7,294.51
(II)	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1)	EQUITY			
	(a) Equity share capital	8	5,000.00	5,000.00
	(b) Other equity	9	(341.54)	(341.80)
	Total equity		4,658.46	4,658.20
(2)	LIABILITIES			
(A)	Non Current liabilities			
	(a) Financial liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	10	1,285.68	1,132.18
(B)	Current liabilities			
	(a) Financial liabilities			
	(i) Other financial liabilities	11	2,129.90	1,491.28
	(b) Other current liabilities	12	12.34	12.85
	Total liabilities		3,427.92	2,636.31
	Total equity and liabilities		8,086.38	7,294.51

Significant Accounting Policies 1-3
See accompanying notes forming an integral part of the Financial Statements 1-30

For and on behalf of Board of Directors


(P C Hembram)
Director
DIN:02750881


(Sanjay Mehrotra)
Director
DIN:02263323


(Manoj Kr. Rana)
Chairman
DIN:02263302

As per Report of Even Date
For & on behalf of
VSPV & Co
(Chartered Accountants)
(Firm Reg No. : 005483N)

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Sudhir Gupta
(Partner)
M. No. : 207822

Place : New Delhi
Date : 20/07/2021

(UDIN: 21207822AAAAANW7983
Generated on 02nd August 2021)

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Revenue from operations		-	-
Other income	13	0.35	-
Total income (I)		0.35	-
Expenses:			
Other expenses		-	-
Total expenses (II)		-	-
Profit before tax (I- II =III)		0.35	-
Tax expense: (IV)			
Current tax		0.09	-
Deferred tax		-	-
Profit for the period (III - IV = V)		0.26	-
Other Comprehensive Income (VI)		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (V + VI =VII)		0.26	-
Earnings per equity share : (VIII)			
Basic & Diluted in Rs. (Par value of Rs.10 each)	16	-	-

Significant Accounting Policies 1-3
See accompanying notes forming an integral part of the Financial Statements 1-30


For and on behalf of Board of Directors


(P C Hembram)
Director
DIN:02750881


(Sahjay Mehrotra)
Director
DIN:02263323


(Manoj Kr. Rana)
Chairman
DIN:02263302

As per Report of Even Date
For & on behalf of
V S P V & Co
(Chartered Accountants)
(Firm Reg No. : 005483N)


Sudhir Gupta
(Partner)
M. No. : 207822


V S P V & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place : New Delhi
Date : 20/07/2021

(UDIN: 21207822AAAAANW7983
Generated on 02nd August 2021)



BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)

Statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2021

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
A. Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit/(loss) before tax	0.35	-
Adjustments for:		
Tax expenses	0.09	-
Operating Profit/(loss) before Working Capital changes	0.26	-
Adjustments for changes in Working Capital :		
- Increase/(decrease) in other current financial liabilities	638.62	46.66
- Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	(0.51)	12.85
- (Increase)/decrease in other current assets	6.94	(7.44)
Cash generated from operating activities	645.31	52.07
Income taxes paid	-	-
Net cash flow from operating activities	645.31	52.07
B. Cash flow from Investing activities:		
Addition in Capital work in progress	(756.04)	(1,200.23)
(Increase)/decrease in other current financial Assets	(35.75)	717.45
Net cash flow from investing activities	(791.79)	(482.78)
C. Cash flow from Financing Activities:		
Increase in borrowings	153.50	143.21
Repayment of borrowings	-	-
Net cash flow from financing activities	153.50	143.21
Net (Decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	7.02	(287.50)
Opening cash and cash equivalents	204.24	491.74
Closing cash and cash equivalents (Note-6)	211.26	204.24
Comprising of:		
Balance with banks in current accounts	211.26	204.24

See accompanying notes forming an integral part of the
Financial Statements

1-30

For & on Behalf of Board of Directors


(P C Hembram)
Director
DIN:02750881


(Sanjay Mehrotra)
Director
DIN:02263323


(Manoj Kr. Rana)
Chairman
DIN:02263302

As per Report of Even Date
For & on behalf of
VSPV & Co
(Chartered Accountants)
(Firm Reg No. : 005483N)

Sudhir Gupta
(Partner)
M. No. : 207822

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place : New Delhi
Date : 20/07/2021

(UDIN: 21207822AAAAW7983
Generated on 02nd August 2021)

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2021

a. Equity share capital

Particulars	(₹ in Hundreds)	
	Amount	
Balance as at April 01, 2019	5,000.00	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2020	5,000.00	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	5,000.00	

b. Other Equity

Particulars	(₹ in Hundreds)	
	Amount	
<u>Retained earnings</u>		
Balance as at April 01, 2019	(341.80)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	
Balance as at March 31, 2020	(341.80)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	0.26	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	(341.54)	

See accompanying notes forming an integral part of the Financial Statements 1-30

For and on behalf of Board of Directors



(P C Hembram)
Director
DIN:02750881


(Sanjay Mehrotra)
Director
DIN:02263323


(Manoj Kr. Rana)
Chairman
DIN:02263302

As per Report of Even Date
For & on behalf of

VSPV & Co
(Chartered Accountants)
(Firm Reg No. : 005483N)


Sudhir Gupta
(Partner)
M. No. : 207822

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place : New Delhi
Date : 20/07/2021

(UDIN: 21207822AAAA NW7983
Generated on 02nd August 2021)

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

1 Corporate Information

Bihar Infrapower Limited "the Company" was incorporated on June 30, 2015 under the Companies Act 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of Power Finance Corporation Limited (PFCL), a Govt. of India Undertaking. The registered office of the Company is located at First Floor, Urjanidhi, 1, Barakhamba Lane, Connaught Place, New Delhi -110001. The Company is a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) for holding Coal Block License, Coal Blocks Land, Power Plant Land & Land for Corridors for the construction, operation and maintenance of electricity system and integrated fuel system and to act as a nodal agency for lease license of land, coal blocks etc. of Ultra Mega Power Project in the State of Bihar.

2 General

(a) Basis of Preparation and Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost and accrual basis of accounting and are in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is its functional currency.

Amounts in these financial statements have been rounded off to 'nearest hundreds upto two decimal points (unless otherwise indicated).

(b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expense, assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected.

3 Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Recognition of Income/ Expenditure

Income and expenses are accounted for on accrual basis.

(b) Borrowing Cost

Borrowing Costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction of fixed assets which take substantial time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use. Other borrowing costs are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they are incurred.

(c) Capital work-in-progress

Expenditure incurred during construction period on Survey/ Studies/ Investigation/ Consultancy/ Administration/ Depreciation/Interest etc and other expenditures is capitalised and treated as Capital-work-in-progress.

(d) Prior Period Expenses

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and demand deposits. The Company considers cash equivalents as all short term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(f) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flow Statement is prepared in accordance with the indirect method, whereby net profit/(loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the company are segregated.

(g) Taxation

Income Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. It is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except when it relates to an item that is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) or directly in equity, in which case, tax is also recognised in OCI or directly in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted and as applicable at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of Previous Years.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each financial year and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all parts of the asset to be recovered.

(h) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

- i. Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, if it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.
- ii. Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as contingent liability in notes to accounts, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.
- iii. Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements but are disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefit is probable.
- iv. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

(i) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments.

On initial recognition, financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at fair value plus/minus transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities. In case of financial assets and financial liabilities which are recognised at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), it's transaction costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

i.1 Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a settlement date basis.

After initial recognition, financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

i) Classification and Measurement of Financial assets (other than Equity instruments)

a) Financial assets at Amortised Cost:

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate method (EIR):

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if both the following conditions are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset; and
- the contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI, with all changes in fair value recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii) Impairment of financial assets

a) Subsequent to initial recognition, the Company recognises expected credit loss (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortised cost. ECL on such financial assets, other than loan assets, is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses.

The impairment requirements for the recognition and measurement of ECL are equally applied to Loan asset at FVTOCI except that ECL is recognised in other comprehensive income and is not reduced from the carrying amount in the balance sheet.

b) Impairment of Loan Assets and commitments under Letter of Comfort (LoC):

The Company measures ECL on loan assets at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if there is credit impairment or there has been significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If there is no SICR as compared to initial recognition, the Company measures ECL at an amount equal to 12-month ECL. When making the assessment of whether there has been a SICR since initial recognition, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort. If the Company measured loss allowance as lifetime ECL in the previous period, but determines in a subsequent period that there has been no SICR since initial recognition due to improvement in credit quality, the Company again measures the loss allowance based on 12-month ECL. ECL is measured on individual basis for credit impaired loan assets, and on other loan assets it is generally measured on collective basis using homogenous groups.

c) The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

iii) De-recognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable, and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of that financial asset.

i.2 Financial liabilities

i) All financial liabilities other than derivatives and financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

EIR is determined at the initial recognition of the financial liability. EIR is subsequently updated for financial liabilities having floating interest rate, at the respective reset date, in accordance with the terms of the respective contract.

ii) De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

(j) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per shares is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per shares and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

4. Capital work in progress

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Opening Capital work in progress	5,963.62	4,763.39
Add: Transferred from expenditure during construction period (Note - 14)	756.04	1,200.23
	6,719.66	5,963.62

5. Loans (Non Current)

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
<u>Unsecured, considered good</u>		
Advances to related party	1,052.28	1,052.28
Interest accrued but not due from related party (Power Finance Corporation Ltd)	102.68	66.93
	1,154.96	1,119.21

6. Cash and cash equivalents

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Bank balances: in current accounts	211.26	204.24
	211.26	204.24

7. Current Tax Assets (Net)

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Income Tax Refund for the FY 2019-20	-	6.85
Income Tax Refund for the FY 2018-19	0.59	0.59
Less: Provision for Income Tax	0.09	-
	0.50	7.44

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

8. Equity share capital

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Authorised share capital 50,000 equity shares of Rs 10 each (As at March 31, 2020: 50,000 equity shares of Rs 10 each)	5,000.00	5,000.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital comprises: 50,000 equity shares of Rs 10 each (As at March 31, 2020: 50,000 equity shares of Rs 10 each) fully paid up	5,000.00	5,000.00
	5,000.00	5,000.00

(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Number of shares held	Amount	Number of shares held	Amount
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	50,000	5,000.00	50,000	5,000.00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	50,000	5,000.00	50,000	5,000.00

(ii) Rights, preferences and restriction attached to equity shares:

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

(iii) Detail of equity shares held by holding company:

Particulars	No. of Shares	Amount
As at March 31, 2021 Power Finance Corporation Limited*	50,000	5,000.00
As at March 31, 2020 Power Finance Corporation Limited*	50,000	5,000.00

(iv) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Number of shares held	%	Number of shares held	%
Fully paid up equity shares Power Finance Corporation Limited, the Holding Company*	50,000	100%	50,000	100%

* Equity shares are held by Power Finance Corporation Limited and through its nominees.

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

9. Other equity

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(341.80)	(341.80)
Total comprehensive income for the year	0.26	-
Balance at the end of the year	(341.54)	(341.80)

10. Borrowings (Non current)

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Unsecured		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings from related parties	1,285.68	1,132.18
	1,285.68	1,132.18

Terms of repayment for borrowings: Repayable within 15 days from the date of transfer of the Company to its successful bidder.

11. Other financial liabilities (Current)

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Expenses Payable	2,129.90	1,491.28
	2,129.90	1,491.28

12. Other current liabilities

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Statutory dues payable (TDS Payable)	12.34	12.85
	12.34	12.85

13. Other Income

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Interest on Income Tax refund	0.35	-
	0.35	-

14. Expenditure during construction period

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Payment to Auditors		
- Audit Fees	295.00	295.00
- Reimbursement of expenses	-	29.50
Professional, legal & Consultancy Charges	178.52	618.57
Administrative Expenses	-	53.94
Bank Charges	0.18	-
Sub total (A)	473.70	997.01
Interest Expense	318.09	271.68
Less:- Interest income from PFC	35.75	68.46
Sub total(B)	282.34	203.22
Total Expenses (A+B)	756.04	1,200.23

15. Income Taxes

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	-	-
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	-	-
Total income tax expense recognised in the current year	-	-
The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:		
Profit before tax	0.35	-
Applicable tax rate	25.17%	25.17%
Computed tax expenses	0.09	-
Income tax expense recognised in statement of profit or loss	0.09	-

16. Earnings per share

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Basic and diluted Earning Per Share		
Face value per Equity Share	10	10
Net Profit / (Loss) after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders	0.26	-
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	50,000	50,000
Basic and diluted Earning Per Share	0.00	-
There are no dilutive instruments issued by the company.		

17. Financial Instruments

(1) Capital management

The company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to meet capital requirement related to acquisition of land and expenses related to its objects as stated in note 1 for the purpose of establishing Ultra Mega Power Project of 4000 MW in state of Bihar. Company funds its operations through amount received as capital and borrowings.

The entity is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company's board reviews the capital structure on need basis. The funding requirements are met through a mixture of borrowings and capital. The Company's policy is to use short term and long-term borrowings to meet anticipated funding requirements.

(i) Categories of financial instruments

Particulars	(₹ in Hundreds)	
	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	211.26	204.24
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	1,285.68	1,132.18
Other financial liabilities	2,129.90	1,491.28

(ii) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's management monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company by analyzing exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(iii) Market Risk

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates.

Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis.

There has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured.

(iv) Foreign Currency risk management

The company does not have transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

(v) Interest rate risk management

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrow funds at the rate of interest under category of "State Sector Borrowers (Category 'A') as determined from time to time (fluctuating rate of interest).

The Company's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

(vi) Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both financial instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

Sensitivity analysis for a 50 basis points fluctuation in interest and all other variables were held constant is explained below:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Impact for Profit or Loss	-	-
Impact for Other comprehensive income	-	-

(vii) Other price risk

The company is not exposed to price risk as it does not hold any investments.

(viii) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company.

Company's bank balances are held with a reputed and creditworthy banking institution resulting to limited credit risk from the counterparties. Further the loans given by the company are with holding company.

(ix) Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

17. Financial Instruments

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at March 31, 2021;

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2-5 year	Due in More than 5 year	Due date not specified	Total contracted cash flows
(₹ in Hundreds)						
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings	1,285.68	-	-	-	1,285.68	1,285.68
Other financial liabilities	2,129.90	2,129.90	-	-	-	2,129.90

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at March 31, 2020;

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2-5 year	Due in More than 5 year	Due date not specified	Total contracted cash flows
(₹ in Hundreds)						
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings	1,132.18	-	-	-	1,132.18	1,132.18
Other financial liabilities	1,491.28	1,491.28	-	-	-	1,491.28

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets as at March 31, 2021;

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2-5 year	Due in More than 5 year	Due date not specified	Total contracted cash flows
(₹ in Hundreds)						
Financial assets (Loans)	1,154.96	-	-	-	1,154.96	1,154.96

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets as at March 31, 2020;

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2-5 year	Due in More than 5 year	Due date not specified	Total contracted cash flows
(₹ in Hundreds)						
Financial assets (Loans)	1,119.21	-	-	-	1,119.21	1,119.21

(x) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities :

Particulars	Fair value hierarchy	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
		Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
		(₹ in Hundreds)			
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	211.26	211.26	204.24	204.24
Loans	Level 3	1,154.96	1,154.96	1,119.21	1,119.21
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	Level 3	1,285.68	1,285.68	1,132.18	1,132.18
Other financial liabilities	Level 3	2,129.90	2,129.90	1,491.28	1,491.28

The fair value of remaining financial assets and liabilities approximate with the carrying amount recognized in the financial statements. There was no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 in the year. The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the Ind AS financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair value since the Company does not anticipate that carrying value would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
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Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

18 STATEMENT OF TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

18.1 Name of related parties and description of relationship:

Holding Company			
1	Power Finance Corporation Limited (PFCL)		
Fellow Subsidiary			
1	PFC Consulting Limited	2	REC Limited (RECL)
3	REC Power Distribution Company Ltd (through RECL)	4	REC Transmission Projects Company Limited
5	Power Equity Capital Advisors (Pvt) Limited (PECAP)*		
Associate of Fellow Subsidiary			
1	Tanda Transmission Company Limited*	2	Shongtong Karcham-Wangtoo Transmission Limited*
3	Bijawar-Vidarbha Transmission Limited	4	Koppal-Narendra Transmission Limited
5	Karur Transmission Limited	6	Khetri-Narela Transmission Limited
7	Sikar-II Aligarh Transmission Limited	8	Bhadla Sikar Transmission Limited
9	Ananthpuram Kurnool Transmission Limited	10	Vapi II North Lakhimpur Transmission Limited transferred to ATL on 23rd June, 2020
11	Bikaner-II Bhiwadi Transco Limited transferred to PGCIL on 25th March, 2021		
Associate through PFCL			
1	Coastal Maharashtra Mega Power Limited (through PFCL)*	2	Sakhigopal Integrated Power Company Limited (through PFCL)
3	Ghogarpalli Integrated Power Company Limited (through PFCL)	4	Coastal Karnataka Power Limited (through PFCL)*
5	Orissa Integrated Power Limited (through PFCL)	6	Chhatísgarh Surguja Power Limited (through PFCL)*
7	Tatiya Andhra Mega Power Limited (through PFCL)*	8	Coastal Tamil Nadu Power Limited (through PFCL)
9	Deoghar Infra Limited (through PFCL)	10	Cheyur Infra Limited (through PFCL)
11	Bihar Mega Power Limited (through PFCL)	12	Odisha Infrapower Limited (through PFCL)
13	Jharkhand Infrapower Limited (through PFCL)	14	Deoghar Mega Power Limited (through PFCL)
Associate through RECL			
15	Mandar Transmission Limited (through RECL)	16	Chandil Transmission Limited (through RECL)
17	Koderma Transmission Limited (through RECL)	18	Dumka Transmission Limited (through RECL)
19	Dinchang Transmission Limited (through RECL)	20	Ramgarh New Transmission Limited (through RECL) transferred to PGCIL on 09th March, 2021
21	Sikar New Transmission Limited (through RECL)	22	MP Power Transmission Package-I Limited (through RECL)
23	MP Power Transmission Package-II Limited (through RECL)	24	Kallam Transmission Limited (through RECL)
25	Gadag Transmission Limited (through RECL)	26	Fatchgarh Badla Transco Limited (through RECL)
27	Rajgarh Transmission Limited (through RECL)	28	Bidar Transmission Limited (through RECL)
Joint Venture			
1	Energy Efficiency Services Limited (through PFCL)	2	Creighton Energy Limited (through EESL)
3	EESL EnergyPro Assets Limited (through EESL)	4	Edina Acquisition Limited (through EESL)
5	Anesco Energy Services (South) Limited (through EESL)	6	Edina Limited (through EESL)
7	EPAL Holdings Limited (through EESL)	8	Edina Australia Pty Limited (through EESL)
9	Edina Power Services Limited (through EESL)	10	Stanbeck Limited (through EESL)
11	Edina UK Limited (through EESL)	12	Edina Power Limited (through EESL)
13	Armoura Holdings Limited (through EESL)	14	Edina Manufacturing Limited (through EESL)
15	EPSL Trigenation Private Limited (through EESL)	16	Convergence Energy Services Limited (through EESL)

Key Managerial Persons (KMP)**				
S. No.	Name	Designation	Date of Appointment	Date of Cessation
1	Shri Yogesh Juneja	Chairman	30.06.2015	14.08.2020
2	Shri Manoj Kumar Rana	Chairman	14.08.2020	Continuing
3	Shri Sanjay Mehrotra	Director	20.10.2020	Continuing
4	Shri P.C. Hembram	Director	13.10.2017	Continuing
5	Ms Shelly Verma	Director	13.10.2017	01.09.2020
6	Shri Sanjiwan Sinha***	Nominee Director	16.08.2019	Continuing

* Under process of striking off

** Employee of the Holding Company (PFC) and deployed on Part Time basis

*** from Power Procuring States

18.2 Details of Transactions:

18.2.1 Transactions with Related Parties:

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
<u>Power Finance Corporation, Holding Company</u>		
Interest Expense	153.50	143.21
Interest Income	35.75	68.46
Borrowings (Net)	153.50	143.21
Loans (Net)	35.75	(717.45)
<u>PFC Consulting Limited, Fellow Subsidiary</u>		
Interest Expense	164.59	128.47
Reimbursement of expenses	56.52	672.51

18.2.2 Outstanding balances with Related Parties:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
<u>Power Finance Corporation, Holding Company</u>		
Borrowings (Non current)	1,285.68	1,132.18
Loans given including interest accrued	1,154.96	1,119.21
<u>PFC Consulting Limited, Fellow Subsidiary</u>		
Expenses Payable	1,712.90	1,196.28

18.2.3 Compensation of Key Management Personnel:

The employees in the company are on contractual terms as per agreement entered with the Holding Company (PFC). No sitting fees has been paid to the directors.

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(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

- 19 The expenses appearing under Note - 14 are mainly allocated by PFCL/PFCCL to SPVs. All the work related to the project is being executed by PFCCL. Direct expenditures related to SPV are allocated on 100% basis and common expenditure is allocated based on sharing of services between the various SPV's. Original Supporting bills in respect of such expenditure incurred by the PFCL/PFCCL are in the name of PFCL/PFCCL and retained by them for which copies are available with the Company. PFCL/PFCCL is complying with all statutory provisions relating to the 'Deduction of tax at source, GST etc. as applicable to these expenses.
- 20 Expenditure incurred during construction period (Note - 14) have been capitalised and shown as Capital work-in-progress as the same are to be recovered from procurers/ successful bidder.
- 21 The Company pays interest to PFC/PFCCL on the amount funded by PFC/PFCCL to incur expenses on behalf of the company, as per the policy of the Holding Company. The rate of interest charged is the rate of interest charged for the Project Loan/Schemes (Generation) for Borrowers under category "State Sector Borrowers (Category 'A') as determined from time to time as per their circular. Total interest expense amounting to Rs. 318.09 hundreds (Previous year Rs. 271.68 hundreds) has been accounted in the books of account for the year and the same has been capitalized. The Finance Agreement in this regard shall be entered into upon finalization of guidelines for Infra SPVs from the Ministry of Power, GoI. Till such time, funding is done by PFC/PFCCL and interest is charged in lines with the interest charged by PFC from operating SPVs as per the Finance Agreement entered into with them.

22 Employee benefit plans

Since there are no employees in the company, the obligation as per Ind AS- 19 do not arises.

23 Commitments:

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(a) Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account, and not provided for (net of advances):	-	-
(b) Other commitments	-	-

24 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Contingent liabilities of the company and claims against the company not acknowledged by the company as certified by the management for the period	-	-
Further, No contingent assets and contingent gains are probable to the company.	-	-

- 25 The Particulars of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act"), based on the information available with the Company:

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
(a) the principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of accounting period	-	-
(b) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting period	-	-
(c) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act 2006	-	-
(d) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting period	-	-
(e) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006	-	-

BIHAR INFRAPOWER LIMITED
(CIN:U93000DL2015GOI282192)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

26 Auditors Remuneration

(₹ in Hundreds)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Statutory Audit Fees (including taxes)	295.00	295.00
Reimbursement of expenses	-	29.50
Total	295.00	324.50

27 Segment Information

The board of directors of the Company, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker (CODM), evaluates the Company's performance, allocate resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicator of the Company. The Company is mainly incorporated with the objects of holding Coal Block License, Coal Blocks Land, Power Plant Land & Land etc. and presently engaged in that activity only and all activities of the Company revolve around this main business as a single unit. Further there are no geographical segments as all the operations of the Company are in India. Therefore, there is no separate reportable segment for the Company as per the requirement of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

28 Impact of COVID-19 Global Pandemic outbreak

The world is facing unprecedented situation in all facets of business and economy with the COVID-19 pandemic. However in view of the management, there will not be any adverse or material impact on the project being undertaken by the company and/or carrying value of its assets. The management also do not estimate and perceive any impact on going concern continuity of the business operations of the company due to COVID-19 pandemic.

29 Other Disclosures:

- (a) Expenditure in foreign currency- NIL
(b) Income in foreign exchange- NIL

30 Approval of financial statements

The Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021 were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 20/07/2021.

For & on Behalf of Board of Directors


(P C Hembram)
Director
DIN:02750881


(Sanjay Mehrotra)
Director
DIN:02263323


(Manoj Kr. Rana)
Chairman
DIN:02263302

As per Report of Even Date
For & on behalf of
V S P V & Co
(Chartered Accountants)
(Firm Reg No. : 005483N)


Sudhir Gupta
(Partner)
M. No. : 207822

VSPV & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Place : New Delhi
Date : 20/07/2021

(UDIN: 21207822AAAAANW7983
Generated on 02nd August 2021)

